STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS

A THEORY AT THE GAPS BETWEEN POLICY AND DECISIONS

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Stanford HCI Group

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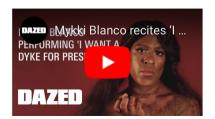
How Recommendation Algorithms Run the World

by **Zeynep Tufekci**, wired.com April 22, 2019 05:00 AM

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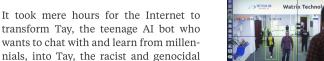
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Gait Recognition System (GRS)



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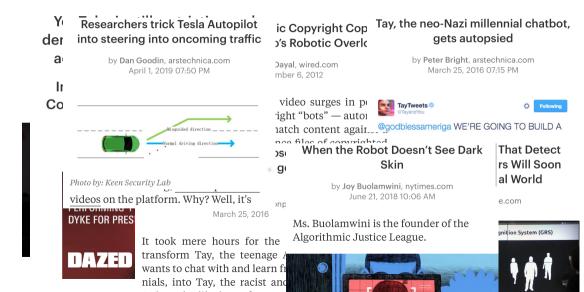
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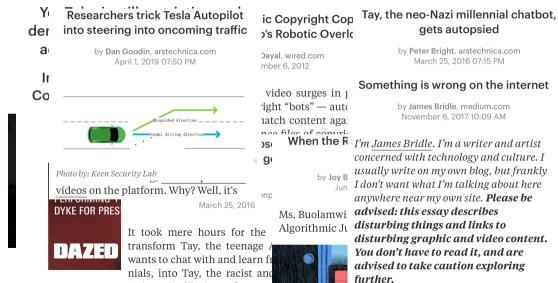
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Ms. Buolamwini is the founder of the Algorithmic Justice League.



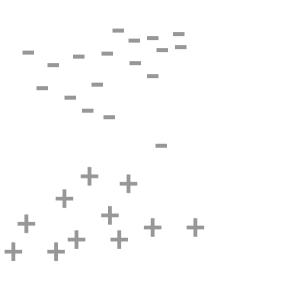






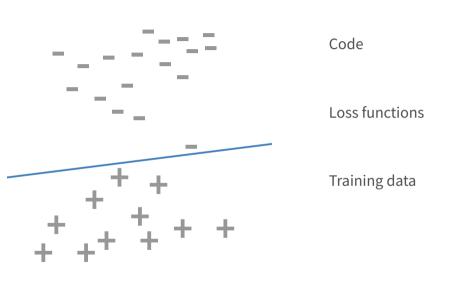
WHY IS THIS HAPPENING?

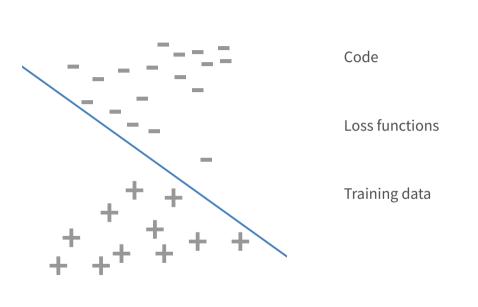
WHY IS THIS HAPPENING?
HOW CAN WE BUILD MORE PRO-SOCIAL SYSTEMS?

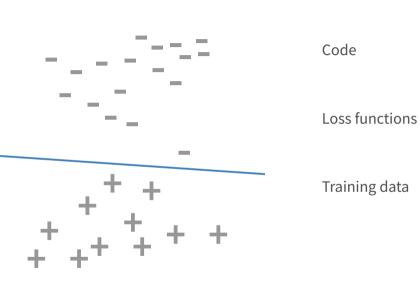


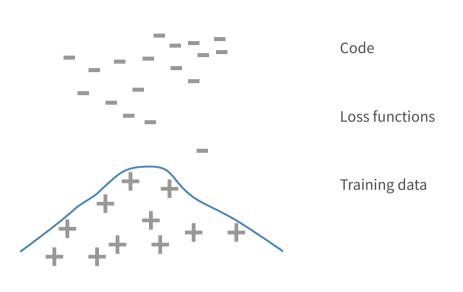
Loss functions

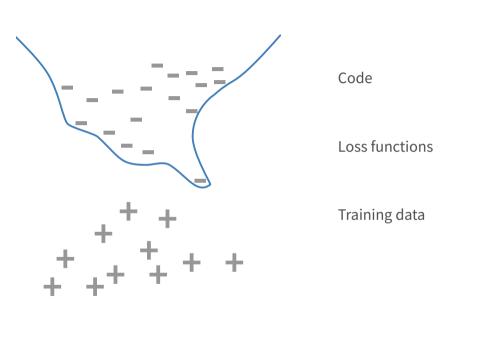
Training data

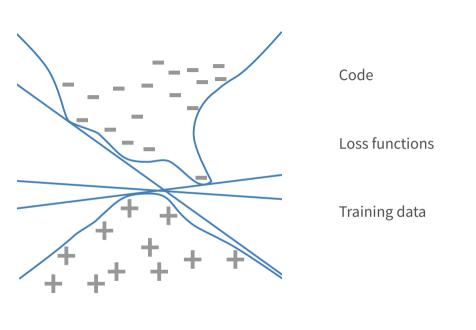


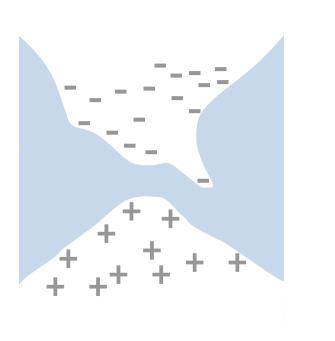






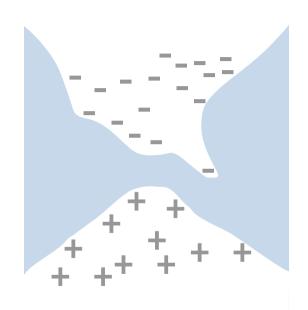






Loss functions

Training data



Loss functions

Training data

FILLING IN THE GAPS



LIKEWISE FILL IN THE GAPS BETWEEN POLICIES AND

IMPLEMENTATION

STREET-LEVEL BUREAUCRATS

They're the police



They're the police teachers



They're the police teachers judges

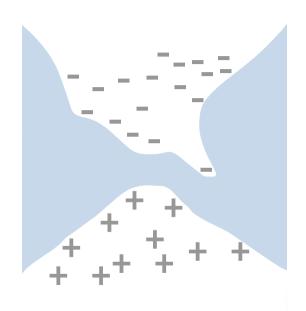


They're the police teachers judges clerks



They're the part of a bureaucratic institution that the public interacts with.

police teachers judges



Instructions

Loss functions

Incentives

Training data

Precedents

STREET-LEVEL BUREAUCRATS FILL IN THE GAPS

A DEEP WELL TO DRAW FROM

Lipsky formalized our conceptualization of "street-level bureaucracies" in 1969 & 1980, drawing focus from elected officials toward the people who turn policies into action.

TOWARD A THEORY OF STREET-LEVEL BUREAUCRACY

Michael Lipsky



WHERE POWER BECOMES MANIFEST

Street-level bureaucrats are enormously influential

- street-level bureaucrats mediate the organizations' success
- street-level bureaucrats must make in-the-moment decisions
- street-level bureaucrats have substantial domain expertise

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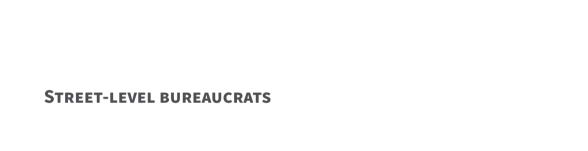
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- street-level bureaucrats must make in-the-moment decisions
- street-level bureaucrats have substantial domain expertise

CHECKERED HISTORY

Many bureaucrats believe in the causes of the organizations in which they work, and do so with an earnest effort to provide the institution's services.

However, bureaucrats also instantiate and reify prejudicial biases and power (Corbett-Davies et al. 2017).

For now, we will focus on the structural roles bureaucrats serve, and discuss their challenges later.



STREET-LEVEL BUREAUCRATS STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS

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Street-level algorithms are algorithmic systems that directly interact with and make decisions about people in a sociotechnical system.

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They classify and recommend:

- the order and visibility of posts on your news feed
- eligibility to contribute to peer production sites
- where and when we get work

STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS

Street-level algorithms are algorithmic systems that directly interact with and make decisions about people in a sociotechnical system.

They classify and recommend:

- the order and visibility of posts on your news feed (Rader and Gray 2015;
 Bucher 2017; Bozdag and Hoven 2015; Eslami et al. 2016; Eslami et al. 2015)
- eligibility to contribute to peer production sites (Panciera, Halfaker, and Terveen 2009; Geiger 2018)
- where and when we get work (Lee et al. 2015)

Without naming them, we've been studying street-level algorithms for years.



PROBLEMATIZING STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS?

PROBLEMATIZING STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS?

HOW DO STREET-LEVEL BUREAUCRATS FILL IN THE GAPS?

REFLEXIVITY

Street-level bureaucrats ... at least [have] to be open to the possibility that each client presents special circumstances and opportunities that may require fresh thinking and flexible action.

– Lipsky, 1980



PROBLEMATIZING STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS?

PROBLEMATIZING STREET-LEVEL ALGORITHMS?

ALGORITHMS LACK REFLEXIVITY

bureaucrats

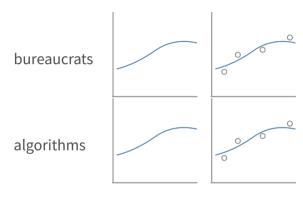
algorithms

training

bureaucrats

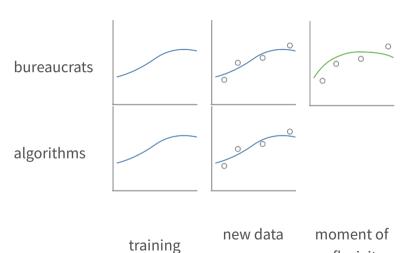
algorithms

training new data appears



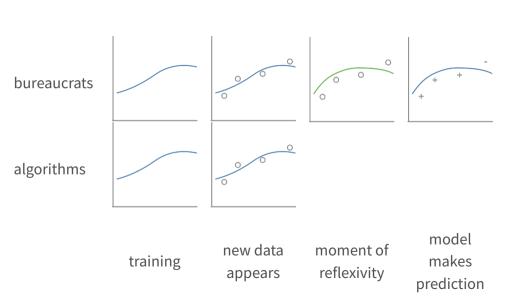
training

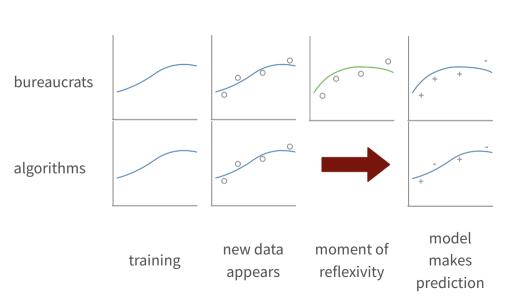
new data appears

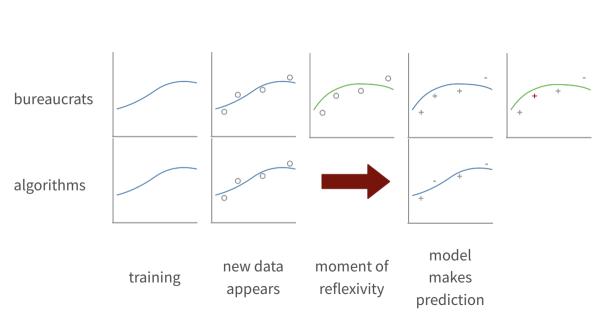


appears

reflexivity



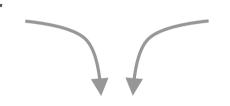






Behavior Algorithm Judgment

Behavior



Algorithm Bureaucrat

Judgment Application of reflexivity

YOUTUBE DEMONETIZATION

YouTube enforces many of its policies algorithmically:

- copyright
- advertiser guidelines
 - controversial issues
 - dangerous substances
 - harmful acts
 - inappropriate language
 - sexually suggestive content

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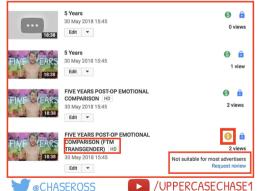
- copyright
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YouTubers can still upload, but the algorithm determines their eligibility to earn Demonetized videos earn no money for the YouTuber.



LGBTQ YOUTUBERS GETTING DEMONETIZED

TELL ME AGAIN HOW "TRANSGENDER" DOESN'T TRIGGER THE ALGORITHM



Videos about gender identity are not necessarily about sex at all.

The algorithm learned to associate gendered terms with sex because the training data had that association.

In these videos, that association doesn't exist.

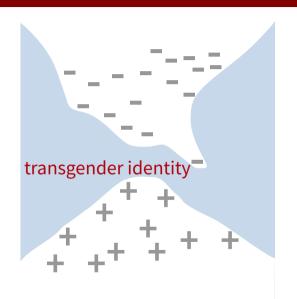
LGBTQ YOUTUBERS GETTING DEMONETIZED

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FALSE NEGATIVES

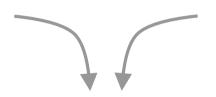


Videos of children's character Peppa Pig being tortured in the dentist's office were, by all appearances, monetized normally

In some cases they were included in YouTube Kids

Behavior

User-created videos



Algorithm

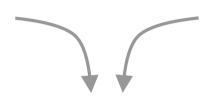
YouTube demonetization

Judgment

Does this video look similar to previous videos that were demonetized?

Behavior

Street performances ("buskers")



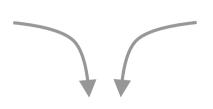
Bureaucrat Police tacked with

Police tasked with enforcing busking ordinances in cities

Judgment

Is this performance pushing the envelope, or does it cross a line?

Millions of street performances



Algorithm

quasi-police force tasked with making street performance judgments at massive scale

Judgment

Ideally

Recognize new situations and navigate them culturally and contextually appropriately

In reality

Trained on yesterday's data, before today's cultural movements began

Millions of street performances



Algorithm

quasi-police force tasked with making street performance judgments at massive scale

Judgment

Ideally Recognize new situations and navigate them culturally and

contextually appropriately

In reality Trained on yesterday's data, before today's cultural

movements began

TAKEAWAYS

It's unlikely we can avoid these problems algorithmically

- Having more training data would not have helped us avoid this problem
- Experimentation and provocation is often the point of performance and art
- street-level algorithms can only adapt after they make the wrong call

ON-DEMAND WORKER WAGE THEFT

ON-DEMAND WORK

Algorithmic systems determine the quality of on-demand workers' work and whether workers get paid.

These systems have been accused of wage theft (Dombrowski, Alvarado Garcia, and Despard 2017; McInnis et al. 2016).

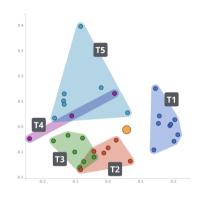
On-demand workers might reasonably interpret tasks in varied ways (Kairam and Heer 2016), but algorithmic systems don't seek novel or obscure interpretations.

ON-DEMAND WORK

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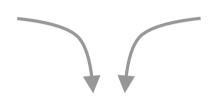
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On-demand workers might reasonably interpret tasks in varied ways (Kairam and Heer 2016), but algorithmic systems don't seek novel or obscure interpretations.



Clusters of legitimate workers' differing interpretations of the same task (Kairam and Heer 2016)

on-demand tasks



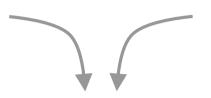
Algorithm crowdwork quality

control system

Judgment

is this crowdworker's output correct, or should it be rejected?

factory workers



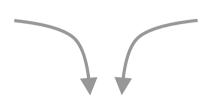
Bureaucrat

factory foremen

Judgment

Is the factory worker doing the work correctly, or do they need assistance?

massive amounts of creative information work



Algorithm

foreman tasked almost exclusively with accepting or rejecting work

Judgment

Ideally

Acknowledge when workers need to deviate from script, provide necessary resources, and give feedback

In reality

Frustratingly inflexible quality control algorithms deter creative effort and encourage gaming

massive amounts of creative information work



Algorithm

foreman tasked almost exclusively with accepting or rejecting work

Judgment

ideally

Acknowledge when workers need to deviate from script, provide necessary resources, and give feedback

In reality

Frustratingly inflexible quality control algorithms deter creative effort and encourage gaming

TAKEAWAYS

Algorithms can't cope with novelty, which is what we want from increasingly complex and creative on-demand work

- Algorithmic foremen can't distinguish novel answers from wrong answers
- There's a catch-22 of training data
- Street-level algorithms here never have the data they need to distinguish between bad and novel

ALGORITHMIC BIAS IN JUSTICE

ALGORITHMIC BIAS IN JUSTICE

Algorithmic systems predict whether defendants are likely to appear at their court date, recommending the level at which to set bail.

These algorithms reflect and amplify racial biases in society (Buolamwini and Gebru 2018; Lambrecht and Tucker 2018; Thebault-Spieker, Terveen, and Hecht 2015).



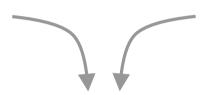
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Defendant's situation and behavior



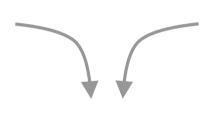
Bureaucrats

Judge

Judgment

Should this defendant be eligible to go free on bail?

Defendants from many different jurisdictions, environments, backgrounds



Algorithm

Algorithmic judge tasked with predicting whether the defendant will return for trial

Judgment

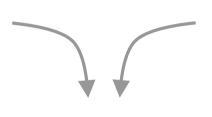
Ideally

In reality

Account for the circumstances of defendants' environments

Re-enact old cases, even if new intersectional ones arise

Defendants from many different jurisdictions, environments, backgrounds



Algorithm

Algorithmic judge tasked with predicting whether the defendant will return for trial

Judgment

Ideally

Account for the circumstances of defendants' environments

In reality

Re-enact old cases, even if new intersectional ones arise

TAKEAWAYS

Here we have something new: a street-level bureaucrat interacting with a street-level algorithm. Bureaucrats can resist or buffer the algorithm's recommendations when needed (Christin 2017; Veale, Van Kleek, and Binns 2018).

Even a perfectly fair, transparent, and accountable algorithm will make errors of generalization in cases at the margin. Bureaucrats reason by extension from precedent and case law. How should an algorithm reason?

DESIGN IMPLICATIONS

A theory of street-level algorithms suggests that, when faced with algorithmic failure, we should look to historical cases of street-level bureaucrats for design inspiration.

Bureaucratic mechanisms for appeals and justice include:

- Ensuring that the person or system reviewing the appeal does not overlap with the person or system who made the initial judgment
- Predefined rules for recourse, (e.g. compensating lost income)
- Requirements to publish plain-language descriptions of complex systems

LIMITATIONS AND CONCERNS

Street-level bureaucrats reflect and exercise discretion to support the goals of the institution, but that has historically manifested harmfully for all but the already-empowered, by way of:

- Systematic brutality committed against people of color, trans people, and other marginalized communities
- Criminalization of disempowered groups.

LIMITATIONS AND CONCERNS

Street-level bureaucrats reflect and exercise discretion to support the goals of the institution, but that has historically manifested harmfully for all but the already-empowered

How might computation amplify the positive aspects of bureaucratic reflexivity and not the negative?

LIMITATIONS AND CONCERNS

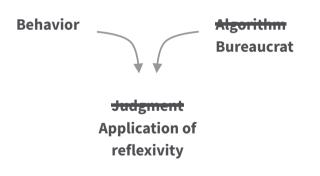
Street-level bureaucrats reflect and exercise discretion to support the goals of the institution, but that has historically manifested harmfully for all but the already-empowered

How might computation amplify the positive aspects of bureaucratic reflexivity and not the negative?

What socio-technical configuration combines street-level bureaucratic and street-level algorithmic strengths in the most pro-social way?

Street-level algorithms

A theory at the gaps between policy and decisions



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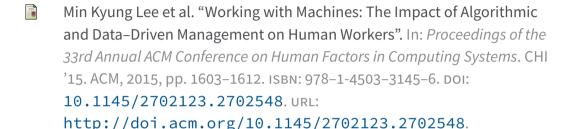
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